"All Scripture is **inspired by God** and profitable for teaching, for reproof, for correction, for training in righteousness; so that the man of God may be adequate, equipped for every good work."

- 2 Timothy 3:16-17

How exactly did the Bible come together?



 Canon means "the rule or standard for what we believe and practice."

- Canon means "the rule or standard for what we believe and practice."
- Canonization refers to "the process of recognizing that standard." What belongs in the Bible?

- Canon means "the rule or standard for what we believe and practice."
- Canonization refers to "the process of recognizing that standard." What belongs in the Bible?
- The Old Testament canon was a settled issue in the time of Jesus.

- Canon means "the rule or standard for what we believe and practice."
- Canonization refers to "the process of recognizing that standard." What belongs in the Bible?
- The Old Testament canon was a settled issue in the time of Jesus.
 - The New Testament canon is where the battle is being waged with critics.



How was it all sorted out?

The New Testament books were written in the first century.

- The New Testament books were written in the first century.
- They were then copied and shared among the churches.

How was it all sorted out?

- The New Testament books were written in the first century.
- They were then copied and shared among the churches.

Colossians 4:16 1 Thessalonians 5:27 Galatians 1:1-2

- The New Testament books were written in the first century.
- They were then copied and shared among the churches.
 - They were recognized by brethren as Scripture.

- The New Testament books were written in the first century.
- They were then copied and shared among the churches.
 - They were recognized by brethren as Scripture.

 1 Corinthians 14:37

- The New Testament books were written in the first century.
- They were then copied and shared among the churches.
 - They were recognized by brethren as Scripture.

 1 Corinthians 14:37
 2 Peter 3:16

How was it all sorted out?

- The New Testament books were written in the first century.
- They were then copied and shared among the churches.
 - They were recognized by brethren as Scripture.

1 Corinthians 14:37 2 Peter 3:16 1 Timothy 5:17-18

- The New Testament books were written in the first century.
- They were then copied and shared among the churches.
- They were recognized by brethren as Scripture.
 - Many debates took place among the brethren about what was and wasn't Scripture.

How was it all sorted out?

These debates were a good thing!

- These debates were a good thing!
- As early as the mid-second century, lists were being put together by Christians recognizing which materials were to be considered as Scripture.

- These debates were a good thing!
- As early as the mid-second century, lists were being put together by Christians recognizing which materials were to be considered as Scripture.
- It didn't take long before all the lists started looking the same!

Three Important Questions



Three Important Questions

Who wrote the book?

Three Important Questions

- Who wrote the book?
- Who was accepting the book?

Three Important Questions

- Who wrote the book?
- Who was accepting the book?
- What does the book teach?

Take Home Points



Take Home Points

• The critics are wrong!

Take Home Points

The critics are wrong!

The canon was not determined by men!

Take Home Points

- The critics are wrong!
- The early brethren took Scripture seriously!

Take Home Points

- The critics are wrong!
- The early brethren took Scripture seriously!
- We can trust our Bibles!

PREPARED TO GIVE AN ANSWER

- Why are you a member of the church of Christ?
- To whom is the local church important?
- What is the church's responsibility?
- Can we trust the canon?
- How does God give instructions?
- What do we do when God is silent about an issue?
- When does a person reach the age of accountability?
- What happens when we die?