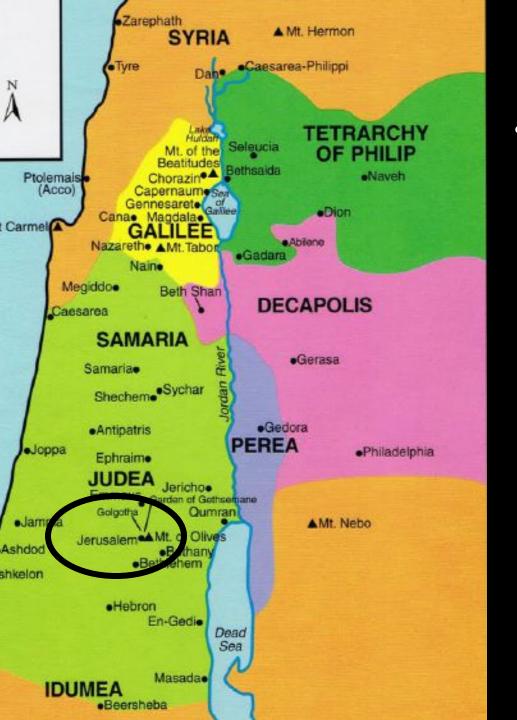


Zarephath ▲ Mt. Hermon SYRIA Tyre Caesarea-Philippi TETRARCHY Seleucia Mt. of the OF PHILIP Beatitudes Chorazin® Bethsaida Ptolemais (Acco) Naveh Capernaum Seur Gennesarete of Canae Magdalae Dion Carmel Abijene Nazareth● ▲Mt.Tabor Gadara Naine Megiddo. Beth Shan **DECAPOLIS** Caesarea SAMARIA Gerasa Samaria . Shechem. Sychar Gedora Antipatris PEREA Joppa Philadelphia **Ephraime** JUDEA den of Gethsemane Golgotha Qumran ▲Mt. Nebo Jami Jerusalem Mt. c Ashdod shkelon Hebron En-Gedie Dead Sea Masada • **IDUMEA** Beersheba



ERUSALEM

 Jerusalem is mentioned 667 times in the Old Testament and 139 times in the New.

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- There are many natural defenses.
- It is called "the City of David" several times in the OT (2 Samuel 5:7; 6:10).

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JERUSALEM

 The City of David was built on a hill over the Gihon spring that supplied it water even in times of siege. The spring still produces water today, though Hezekiah dug a tunnel to reroute it during his reign.

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ERUSALEM

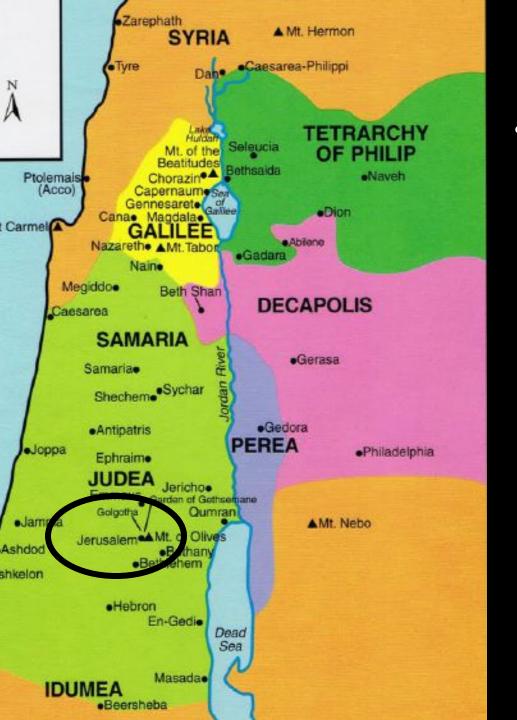
 In David's time, Jerusalem was a mere 15 acres, walled, with the added protection of the Kidron Valley on its East and the Central Valley on its West.

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- The only way it could be attacked was from the North, coming over Mt. Moriah.
- In various stages of expansion, the city grew to the west, and the Hinnom Valley became its Western defensive asset.



ERUSALEM

• It was a Canaanite city initially. The Jebusites and other Canaanites called Jerusalem, "Urusalimum" (foundation of the god Shalim), "Jebus," and "Salem" (city of peace).

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- Also, Abraham took Isaac to the mountains of Moriah to sacrifice (Gen. 22:2). Solomon built the Temple there (2 Chron. 3:1).

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ERUSALEM

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- God planned to build a permanent Temple just north of the city wall (and David's palace) on Mt. Moriah.

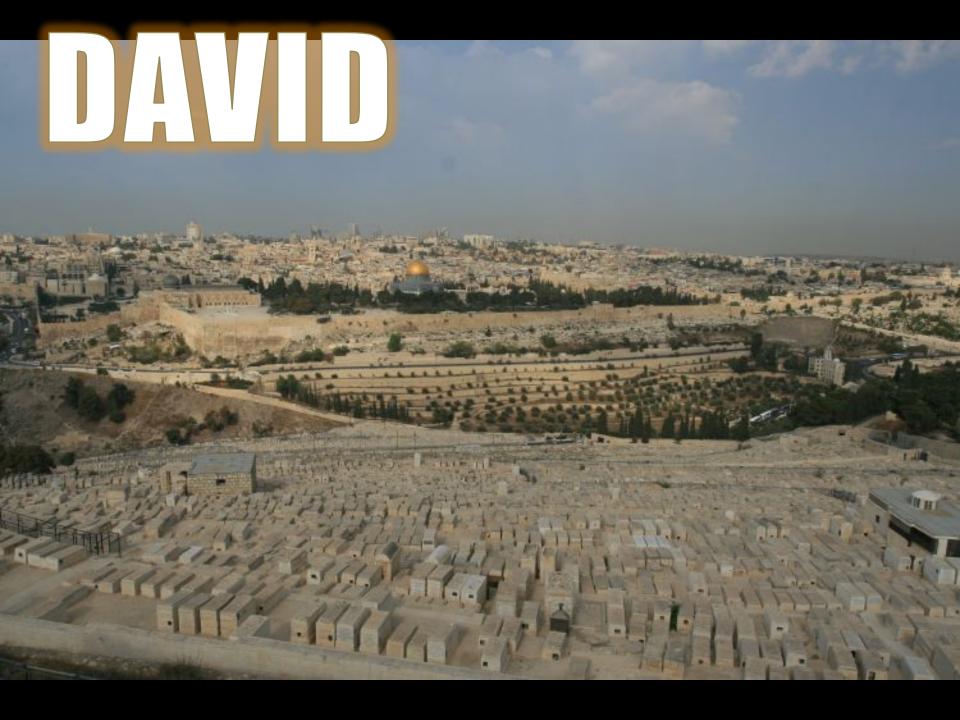
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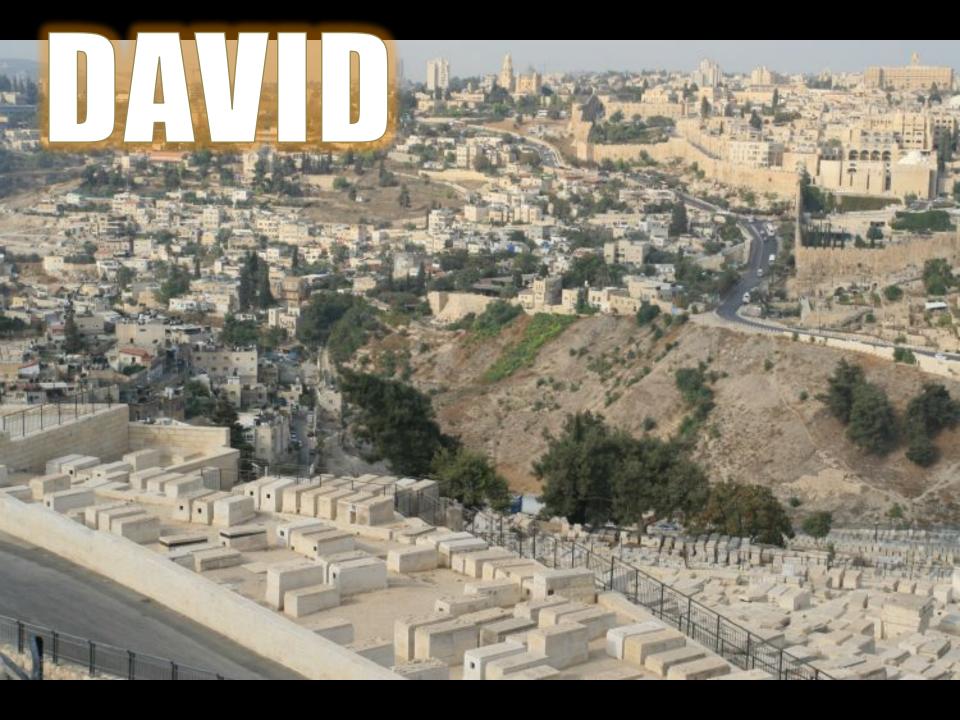
ERUSALEM

 When Solomon reigned, he expanded the walled city north to encompass Mt. Moriah, extending the city to 37 acres. The expansion included Solomon's palace and the Temple.









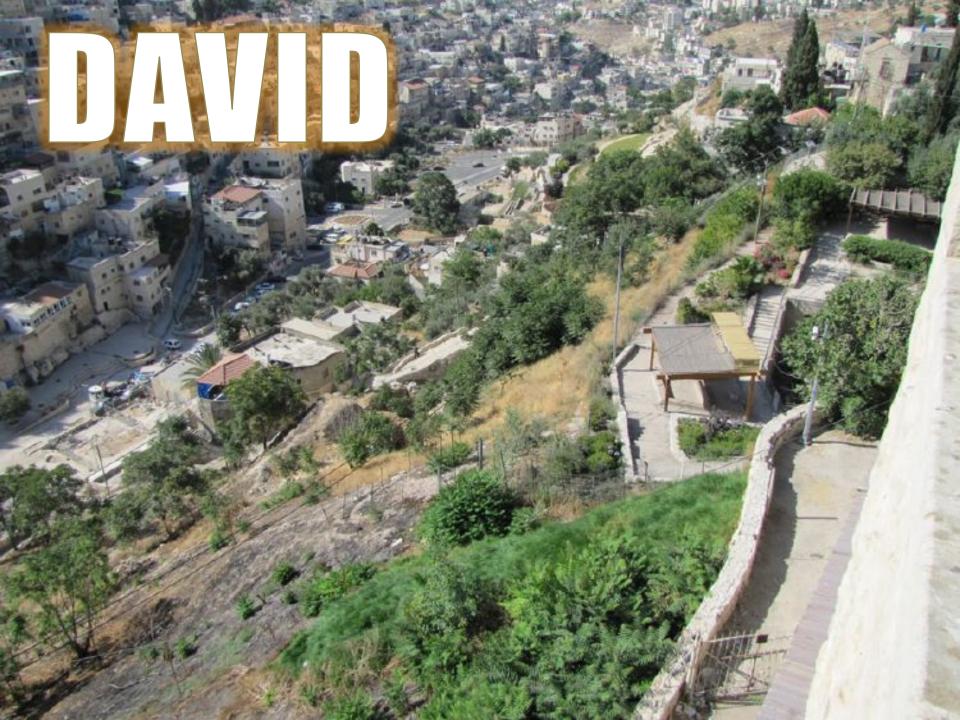




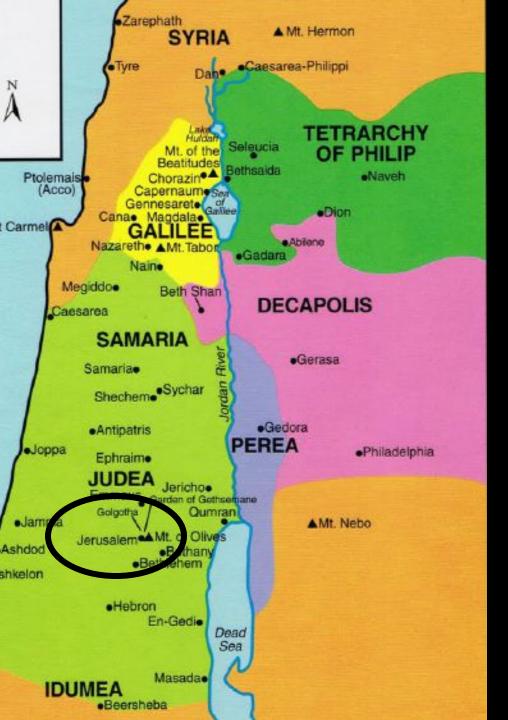








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HEROD'S TEMPLE

 Herod the Great lived 74 B.C. to A.D. 4.

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- Herod's Temple was an expansion and renovation of the Temple that Zerubbabel finished.

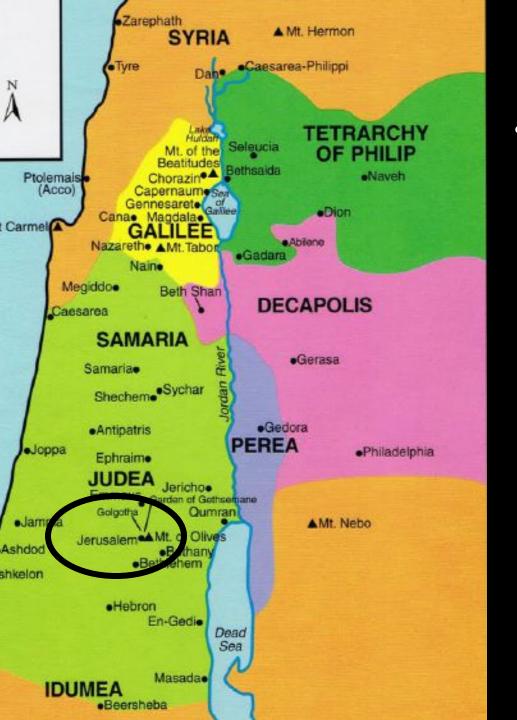
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- He was restoring the Temple to proper dimensions while enhancing it with better infrastructure and the best aesthetics.

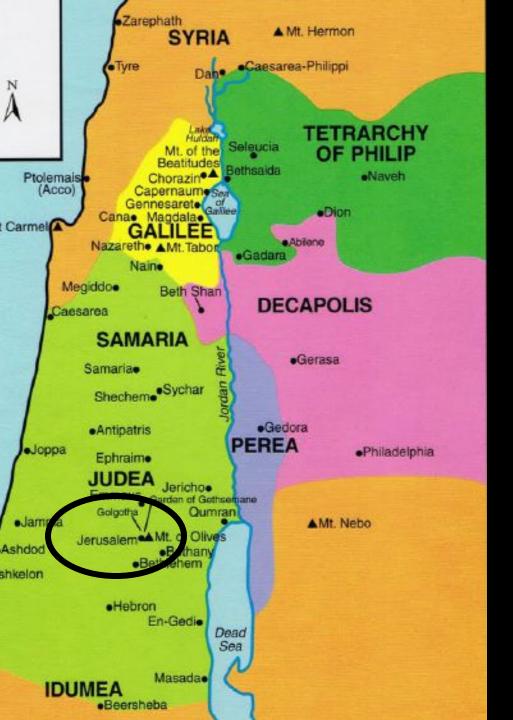


HEROD'S TEMPLE

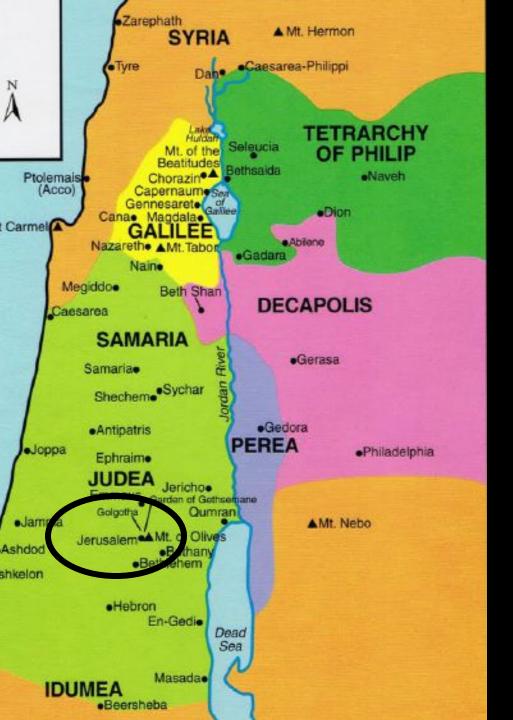
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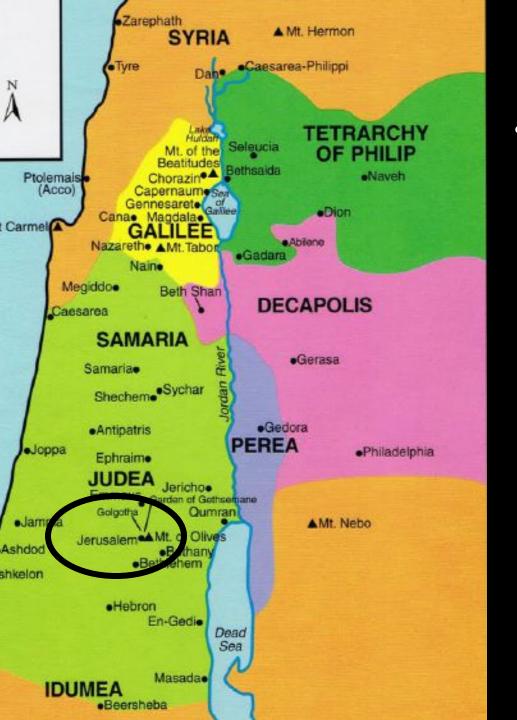
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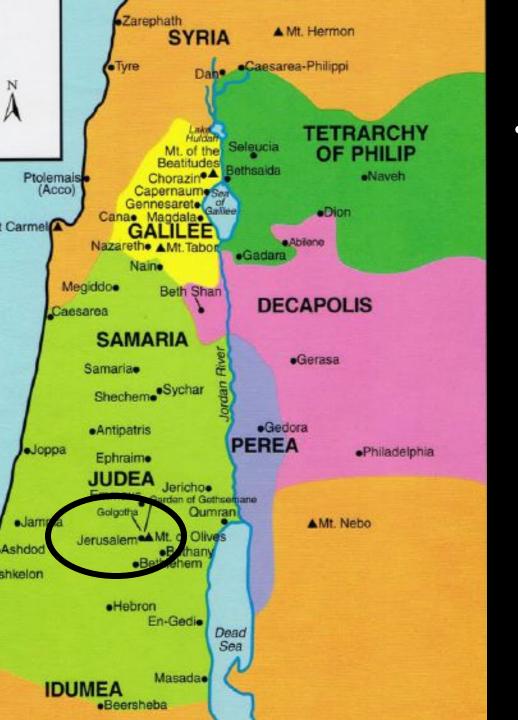
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- A flight of steps led up to an area reserved exclusively for Jews.



Herod's retaining walls for the foundation platform still exist. Herod quarried large stones to be the foundation. The largest building stone found in Israel is in the Temple foundation (length: 44'8"/ width: 11-14'/ height: 11'/ weight: approx. 628 tons).



 The western and southern walls of the Temple mountain have been excavated since 1968.

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HEROD'S TEMPLE

- The western and southern walls of the Temple mountain have been excavated since 1968.
- Cisterns have been discovered that fed water to the Second Temple.

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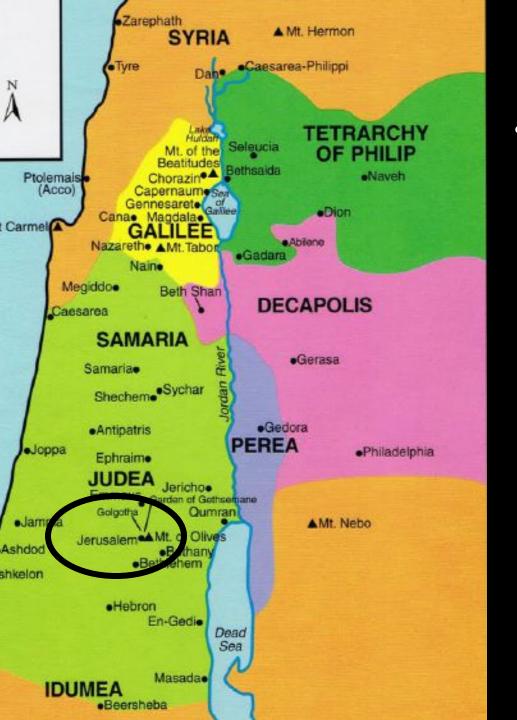
HEROD'S TEMPLE

 Several mikvehs have been excavated. These were ritual baths outside the Temple that thousands of worshippers would immerse themselves in to be ritually pure and then proceed into the Temple. Huge underground cisterns fed these.

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HEROD'S TEMPLE

A stone with the following inscription forbidding Gentiles from entering the Temple's inner court has been discovered: "No stranger is to enter within the balustrade around the temple and enclosure. Whoever is caught will be responsible to himself for his death, which will ensue."

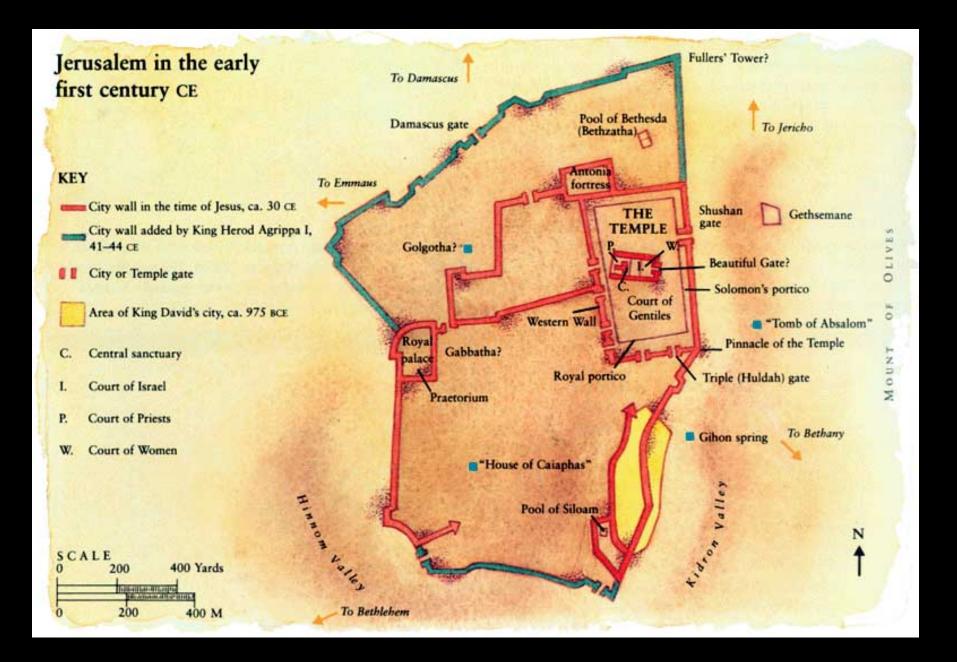


• The giant stone blocks from the top of the wall, which were thrown down into the streets by Titus' troops in A.D. 70, were found where they fell. The street was crushed at the impact.

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HEROD'S TEMPLE

The Western Wall Plaza is also known as "The Wailing Wall" because of the many tears shed and prayers offered by Jews. Written prayers are placed in any crack or crevice in the stones. It is an important pilgrimage site, and every year Jews pray that the Temple will be rebuilt.



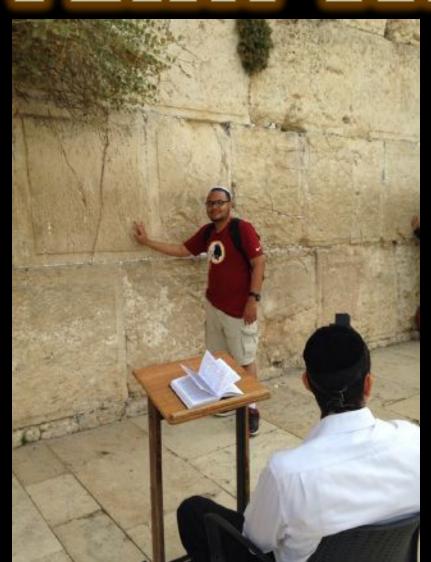








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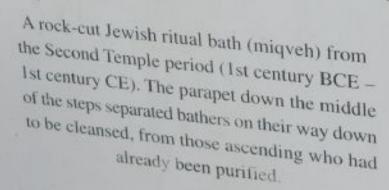








מקווה טהרה שנחצב בסלע בימי הבית השני (המאה הראשונה לפני סה"נ – המאה הראשונה לסה"נ). המחיצה שלאורך המדרגות הפרידה בין היורדים אל המקווה לפני הטהרה לבין העולים ממנו לאחריה.



حوض للتطهر (مكفيه) منحوت في الصخر ويعود الى حوض للتطهر (مكفيه) يقع في











